

COUNTRY SHEET ON YOUTH POLICY IN LUXEMBOURG



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1. Statistics on young people

Number of all young people from the ages of 13 and 30 who live in the country:

109 102 (Statec 2008)

Percentage of young people in global population:

22.55% (Statec 2008)

Number and Percentage of young people by gender in global population:

| Young women (13-30) | Young men (13-30) |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 53 797 | 55 305 |
| 11.12% | 11.43% |

(Statec 2008)

2. Actors and Structures

2.1 Public authorities

2.1.1 National public authorities

Ministry in charge of youth

Ministry of Family and Integration ([Ministère de la Famille et de l'Intégration](#))

- Minister: Marie-Josée Jacobs
- Duration of mandate: five years

Youth Department in the Ministry

Division Childhood, Youth and Family - Department Youth and Family (*Division Enfance, Jeunesse et Famille - Service Jeunesse et Famille*)

- Main tasks of the Youth department:

National Youth Service (*Service National de la Jeunesse, SNJ*)

Non-formal education and leisure activities (*Education non formelle et activités de loisirs*)

Relationships to youth movements (*Relations avec les mouvements de jeunesse*)

Higher Youth Council (*Conseil Supérieur de la Jeunesse*)

Youth worker training (*Formation d'animateurs et de responsables d'activités de loisirs*)

Youth services and residential care (*Service pour jeunes et centres résidentiels*)
Youth holidays (*Congé-jeunesse*)
Relationships to local authorities (*Relations avec les communes*)
EU Youth Programme (*Programme d'action communautaire Jeunesse*)
Open Method of Coordination (*Méthode ouverte de la coordination dans le domaine de la politique jeunesse*)
Infrastructures for young people (*Infrastructures pour jeunes*)
Voluntary service for young people (*Service volontaire Luxembourgeois pour jeunes*)

The National Youth Service ([*Service National de la Jeunesse*](#), SNJ) is the public administration in charge of the implementation of youth policy. The SNJ organises non-formal education and leisure activities, runs four national youth centres which focus on media education, sustainable development, sports activities and prevention of addiction and violence. It administrates youth holidays, voluntary service, support for youth organisations and offers training. The SNJ contributes to national and international programmes in favour of young people. The number of people employed by the SNJ is about 50.

- Number of people who work in this ministry in the youth department:
seven
- Director responsible for Youth in the Ministry:
Nico Meisch
- Contact person in the youth department competent for European youth policy:
Ralph Schroeder

Other national public bodies who are directly involved in youth policies

- Ministerial Department of Sports ([*Département Ministériel des Sports*](#))
- Ministry of Culture, Higher Education and Research ([*Ministère de la Culture, de l'Enseignement Supérieur et de la Recherche*](#))
- Ministry of Health ([*Ministère de la Santé*](#))
- Ministry of National Education and Professional Training ([*Ministère de l'Education nationale et de la Formation professionnelle*](#))

Parliament commission in charge of youth issues

- Commission of Family, Gender Equality and Youth (*Commission de la Famille, de l'Égalité des chances et de la Jeunesse*)
- President: Marie-Josée Frank
- Role and competence: discussion and reporting on laws to be voted

2.1.2 Regional public authorities with competencies in the youth field

N/A

2.1.3 Local public authorities with competencies in the youth field

The ministry in charge of youth is collaborating with municipalities in order to promote local youth policy planning and the inclusion of concerned young people in the policy planning process. The so called Municipal Youth Plan (*Plan Communal Jeunesse*) presents three main elements: 1) collection of knowledge from persons in contact with young people on local level, 2) data collection in a youth survey, 3) participation of young people in the political decision-making process. During the last ten years the following municipalities have performed a Municipal Youth Plan: Lorentzweiler, Sanem, Wiltz, Dudelange, Bettendorf, Diekirch, Erpeldange, Ettelbruck, Kehlen, Mersch, Remich, Vianden, Luxembourg, Kayl, Rumelange, Schifflange, Esch/Alzette, Junglinster, Betzdorf, Niederanven, Sandweiler and Contern.

2.2 Youth welfare services (comprising public and/or non public actors) Structure and major organisations of (voluntary) social welfare and social services for young people

Many social services for young people are provided by non public actors. The ASFT act (*Loi du 8 septembre 1998 réglant les relations entre l'Etat et les organismes oeuvrant dans les domaines social, familial et thérapeutique*) and a Grand-Ducal regulation (*Règlement grand-ducal du 28 janvier 1999 concernant l'agrément gouvernemental à accorder aux gestionnaires de services pour jeunes*) set a frame for the relationships between the State as an enabling agency and non public actors providing social, family and therapeutic work. Every institution offering hosting, counselling, help, care, assistance, social training, activities or vocational guidance is subjected to enablement by the State. Financial support by the State will be granted to these institutions on signing a convention with the State which determines the services to be provided by the institution and the rules of payment, of accounts and of control.

There is a large part of services which explicitly address to young people, mainly in the domains of youth information, meeting and training centres, counselling, transition to work, accommodation and homes. However many counselling and therapy centres target both adults and young people. The following - not exhaustive - list of welfare and social services and the implementing institutions indicates the most important services.

Information, meeting and training:

Youth centres providing meeting and information opportunities, activities and training are run by several institutions, mainly by the

- *Service National de la Jeunesse*: activities centres (Eisenborn, Hollenfels, Lultzhausen and Marienthal) and meeting centres (Erpeldange, Larochette and Weicherdange),
- City of Luxembourg: youth centre *Jugendtreff Number One*,
- *Asti asbl*: youth centre *Amigo*,
- *Caritas Jeunes et Familles asbl*: youth centres (*Jugendhaus Woodstock*, *Jugendzentrum Am Quartier*),
- *Croix-Rouge Luxembourgeoise*: youth centres (in Bridel, Dalheim, Junglinster, Koerich, Simmern, Steinfort, Steinsel, Strassen, Mertert-Wasserbillig, Weiler-la-Tour and Wormeldange),

- *Inter-Actions asbl*: youth centres (in the areas of the City of Luxembourg: Clausen, Gare, Gasperich, Grund, Neudorf and Pfaffental),
- Luxembourg Youth Hostel Association: youth centres (Remerschen, Vianden-Putscheid).

Many other municipalities run a youth centre in cooperation with different associations (*asbl*) and the Ministry of Family and Integration.

The Youth Information Centre ([Centre Information Jeunes](#), *CIJ*) and the city of Luxembourg offer information services for young people.

Counselling, mediation and assistance:

- Telephone for children and young people, offering counselling by phone (*Kanner- a Jugendtelefon 12345, KAJUTEL*), implementing institution: *Caritas Jeunes et Familles asbl*,
- Committee for children's rights (*Ombuds-Comité fir d'Rechter vum Kand*),
- Family mediation centre (*Centre de Médiation Socio-Familiale*), implementing institution: *Fondation Pro Familia*,
- Juridical counselling for young people (*Lex - Tu as des droits*), implementing institution: *Protection des droits d'enfants asbl*,
- Mediation centre ([Centre de Médiation](#)), implementing institution: *Centre de Médiation asbl*,
- Psychological and vocational guidance centre (*Centre de Psychologie et d'Orientation Scolaires, CPOS*) and its secondary school services (*Services de Psychologie et d'Orientation Scolaires, SPOS*), implementing institution: Ministry of National Education and Professional Training and the schools,
- Counselling centre for public health (*Centre de Consultations*), implementing institution: *Ligue Luxembourgeoise d'Action et de Prévention Médico Sociales*,
- Healthy living (*Gesond Liewen, Ettelbruck and Wiltz*), implementing institution: *Ligue Luxembourgeoise d'Action et de Prévention Médico Sociales*,
- Counselling service concerning HIV (*Aidsberodung*), implementing institution: *Croix-Rouge Luxembourgeoise*,

- Family and education counselling, offering therapeutic and pedagogic counselling for young people (*AFP-Services, Erziehungs- a Familjeberodung*), implementing institution: *Action Familiale et Populaire Services asbl*,
- Family centre, offering sexual and relational education for young people (*Familjen-Center CPF*), implementing institution: *Consultation et Préparation Familiale asbl*,
- Family planning, offering psycho-sexual and socio-relational counselling, relational and sexual education (*Planning Familial, Esch/Alzette, Ettelbruck and Luxembourg*), implementing institution: *Mouvement Luxembourgeois pour le Planning Familial et l'Education Sexuelle asbl*,
- Information centre for homosexual persons (*CIGALE, Centre d'Information Gay et Lesbien*), implementing institution: *Rosa Lëtzebuerg asbl*,

- National service for youth psychiatry (*Service National de la Psychiatrie Juvénile*), implementing institution: *Centre Hospitalier Kirchberg*,
- Psycho-therapeutic service for young people (*Service Psy-Jeunes, Service Psycho-thérapeutique*), implementing institution: *Croix-Rouge Luxembourgeoise*,
- Service for child psychiatry (*Service de Psychiatrie de l'Enfant du CHL*), implementing institution: *Centre Hospitalier du Luxembourg*,
- Therapeutic counselling (*Haus 89 asbl*), implementing institution: *Liewens-Partner-Familjeberodung asbl*,

- Counselling and assistance centre for violent persons (*Riicht Eraus - Centre de Consultation et d'Aide pour Auteurs de Violence*), implementing institution: *Mouvement Luxembourgeois pour le Planning Familial et l'Education Sexuelle asbl*,
- Information office of the girls' home, offering counselling for young girls who are victims of violence (*Bureau d'information du Meederchershaus*), implementing institution: *Femmes en détresse asbl*,

- Centre for prevention of drug addiction ([Centre de Prévention des Toxicomanies, CePT](#)), implementing institution: *Fondation Centre de Prévention des Toxicomanies*,
- Counselling for drug addicts (*Alternativ Berodungsstell*), implementing institution: *Centre hospitalier neuropsychiatrique*,
- Information material on drugs (*Info-Drogues*), implementing institution: *Direction of Health, Division of Social and Preventive Medicine*,

- Information, assistance and accommodation for young people with difficult backgrounds - drug addiction, prostitution, criminality (*Abrigado*), implementing institution: *Comité National de Défense Sociale asbl*,
- Information, counselling and assistance for young people (<18) concerning drug addiction (*Service Thérapeutique - Solidarité Jeunes*), implementing institution: *Jongenheem asbl*,
- Information, prevention and counselling for young drug addicts (*Hëllef fir drogenohängeg Jugendlech and hir Familjen*), implementing institution: *Centre Emmanuel asbl*,
- Prevention and consultation for drug addicts (*Kontakt 28* in Luxembourg, *Oppen Dir* in Esch/Alzette), counselling centres (Luxembourg, Esch/Alzette and Ettelbruck), methadone programme (Luxembourg and Esch/Alzette), medical service, support for housing, visits in prison, programme for prevention of relapse, needle distribution, implementing institution: *Fondation Jugend- an Drogenhëllef*,
- Therapy centre for drug addicts (*Centre thérapeutique pour toxicomanes, Syrdallschlass Manternach*), implementing institution: *Centre hospitalier neuropsychiatrique*.

Transition and reintegration into work:

- Job centre and its service for young people searching a job ([Administration de l'emploi](#), *adem*, [Service pour jeunes demandeurs d'emploi](#)),
- Local action for youth, assuring transition from school to work life ([Action Locale pour Jeunes](#), in Wiltz, Ettelbruck, Mersch, Junglinster, Redange/Attert, Grevenmacher, Luxembourg, Differdange, Esch/Alzette and Dudelange),
- National centre for vocational training (*Centre National de Formation Professionnelle Continue, CNFPC*, Esch/Alzette and Ettelbruck).

There are many other training and integration measures for young people with a specific lack of social and/or intellectual skills. Some of the implementing institutions are *Jongenheem-GAMO*, *Inter-Actions asbl* (Project *Schläifmillen*), *Polygone sàrl*, *ProActif asbl*, *Objectif Plein Emploi asbl*, *Co-Labor Société coopérative* and *Päerd's Atelier asbl* (Project *Liewenshaff*).

There are also a large number of sheltered workshops for young people with special needs.

Accommodation and homes:

Accommodation is offered by boarding schools run by *Les Internats Jacques Brocquart asbl* (Luxembourg, Echternach, Ettelbruck, Diekirch and Wiltz), *Agedoc asbl* (Luxembourg, Diekirch and Ettelbruck) and the Ministry of National Education and Professional Training (Mersch, Diekirch and Wiltz).

Short term accommodation to support young people in difficulties and to clarify their situation is offered by helping out homes (*Foyer d'Accueil et de Dépannage, FADEP*). The girls' home offers refuge and support to young female victims of violence (*Meederchershaus*, implementing institution: *Femmes en détresse asbl*). A similar institution for boys is the *Foyer St. Joseph* (implementing institution: *Fondation Maison de la Porte Ouverte*).

Long term accommodation (*Centre d'accueil classique*) is offered by different implementing foundations and associations:

- *Caritas Jeunes et Familles asbl* (Rumelange, Luxembourg and Esch/Alzette),
- *Croix-Rouge Luxembourgeoise* (Bertrange, Hellange and Contern),
- *Jongenheem asbl* (Esch/Alzette, Belvaux, Pontpierre and Luxembourg),
- *Fondation Lëtzerbuerg Kannerduerf* (Luxembourg),
- *Fondation Maison de la Porte Ouverte* (Luxembourg).

There are two homes for pregnant youngsters and young mothers with children (implementing institutions: *Fondation Maison de la Porte Ouverte, Croix-Rouge Luxembourgeoise*).

The State runs eight homes for long term accommodation - the State children's home - offering education and care for children and young people (*Maisons d'Enfants de l'Etat, Schifflange and Dudelange*).

A specific institution is the State socio-educational centre, providing socio-educational care, therapeutic work, education, preservation and custody (*Centre socio-éducatif de l'Etat, Dreibern and Schrassig*).

2.3 Non-public actors/structures & youth services with competencies in the youth field

Not applicable

2.3.1 Youth councils

The participation process in the youth sector is two-fold: the Higher Youth Council (*Conseil Supérieur de la Jeunesse*) coordinates the action of different services, whereas the Luxembourg Youth Council (CGJL) represents the youth movements.

Higher Youth Council (*Conseil Supérieur de la Jeunesse*)

The Higher Youth Council is an advisory board studying youth issues, on its own initiative or by request of the government. The government asks the council's advice on new regulations and laws. The council recommends reforms and innovations aiming at increasing young people's well-being. The goal is to develop a transversal youth policy. It is composed of 19 representatives of several domains concerned with youth questions: eight representatives of the youth organisations, of which five are to be proposed by the organisation representing youth; three delegates of students and pupils; five representatives of organisations active in favour of young people; one representative from *Syvicol* (association of local authorities); one representative of the minister in charge of youth; one representative of the National Youth Service (SNJ). Members are nominated by the minister for a three years term. Meetings are called in by the minister, the president of the council or on a written demand by one third of its members. Decisions are taken by a majority of present members.

Contact person: Nico Meisch

Luxembourg Youth Council ([*Conférence générale de la jeunesse luxembourgeoise*](#), *CGJL*)

CGJL is active on national and international level. Its mission is to represent the Luxembourgish youth organisations, use its representative role to defend interests of young people in its dealings with private bodies, represent youth organisations at international level and to co-ordinate joint projects with youth movements.

Organisations associated to CGJL are political youth movements, labour union youth movements, Scouts and Guides, socio-cultural and leisure movements for the young. The Luxembourg Chamber of Deputies organises youth parliaments (*Parlements de jeunes*) in cooperation with the Luxembourg Youth Council. During these events young

people have the opportunity to sit in parliament and meet deputies. Recently there have been youth parliaments concerning following themes:

- "Your turn to speak!", themes: civil rights, current affairs, studies, youth and Europe ("*A toi la parole!*", *Jugendkonvent*, November 21, 2008),
- "Take a stand for environment!", themes: environment ("*TIME2ACT!*" - *Maach d'ëch staark fir d'Ëmwelt!*, *Jugendkonvent*, May 23, 2008),
- "Equal opportunities for all young people - now!", themes: equal opportunities in the domains of media, education, environment, work, participation, gender, violence, housing and living together ("*Chancengläichheet fir all Jonken - elo!*", *Jugendkonvent*, November 16, 2007).

Contact person: Patrick de Rond (president)

2.3.2 Youth NGOs

The following youth NGOs are not members of the Luxembourg Youth Council (CGJL):

- Association of young scientists in Luxembourg (*Association Jeunes Scientifiques du Luxembourg asbl*, *AJSL*, *Jonk Fuerscher Lëtzebuerg*), offers activities and contacts in scientific projects,
- ATD Fourth World Luxembourg (*ATD Quart Monde Luxembourg asbl*), aims at detecting and fighting social and cultural exclusion,
- European youth Luxembourg (*Jeunesse Européenne Luxembourg*, *JEL*), promotes Europe among young people,
- Federation of self-managing social, cultural and political organisations (*Fuedem*, *Fédération des organisations sociales, culturelles et politiques autogérées asbl*), promotes social, cultural and political engagement in self-managing structures, member organisations: *Queesch Magazine*, *Infoladen Schrëibs asbl*, *Life asbl*,
- League of students' sports associations Luxembourg (*Ligue des Associations Sportives Estudiantines Luxembourgeoises*, *LASEL asbl*), aiming at the development of sports in school and of extracurricular sports activities,
- Youth fire brigade (*Lëtzebuenger Jugendpompjeeën*), recruiting and training young people for the Luxembourgish emergency aid organisations,
- Youth leaders' group (*Groupe Aimateur asbl*), organises socio-cultural activities for young people promoting their self-fulfilment.

2.4 Other structures

University of Luxembourg (*Université du Luxembourg*)

The former national youth research centre has been integrated (2007-2009) into the [University of Luxembourg, Faculty of Language and Literature, Humanities, Arts and Education](#) and into the research unit INSIDE ([Integrative Research Unit on Social and Individual Development](#)). Currently the staff of the youth research centre CESIJE (*Centre d'études sur la situation des jeunes*, Studies centre on the situation of young people) amounts to 13 researchers and three persons for technical and administrative support. Its main tasks are research and evaluation projects, representation in different networks, counselling for youth actors and documentation in the domain of youth research and youth politics.

3. Legislation

Articles of the constitution concerning youth explicitly

Constitution of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg ([Constitution du Grand-Duché de Luxembourg](#)), Chapter II, Article 23:

The State guarantees the organisation of free and compulsory primary education for every inhabitant of the Grand-Duchy. The State creates infrastructures for free intermediate education and the necessary secondary education courses. Pupils and students can get financial support according to criteria fixed by the State. Everybody is free to study in Luxembourg or in foreign countries and to go to the university of his/her choice.

National legislation on youth

October 4, 1973: Act on the establishment of an educational leave of absence ([Loi du 4 octobre 1973 concernant l'institution d'un congé-éducation, telle qu'elle a été modifiée par les lois des 24 février 1984, 1er juin 1989 et 24 octobre 2007](#))

February 6, 1975: Act on voting age, parental authority, legal administration, guardianship and emancipation and its rectification ([Loi du 6 février 1975 relative à la majorité civile, l'autorité parentale, l'administration légale, la tutelle et l'émancipation; Rectificatif à la loi du 6 février 1975 relative à la majorité civile, l'autorité parentale, l'administration légale, la tutelle et l'émancipation](#))

April 18, 1984: Act on the delegation and loss of parental authority and the supervision to social benefit ([Loi du 18 avril 1984 relative à la délégation et à la déchéance de l'autorité parentale et à la tutelle aux prestations sociales](#))

June 13, 1989: Act reforming adoption ([Loi du 13 juin 1989 portant réforme à l'adoption](#))

August 10, 1992: Youth welfare act ([Loi du 10 août 1992 relative à la protection de la jeunesse](#))

December 20, 1993: Act approving the Convention on the Rights of the Child ([Loi du 20 décembre 1993 portant 1\) approbation de la Convention relative aux droits de l'enfant, adoptée par l'Assemblée générale des Nations Unies le 20 novembre 1989, 2\) modification de certaines dispositions du code civil](#))

September 8, 1998: Act regulating the relations between the Luxembourgish State and non public actors providing social, family and therapeutic work ([Loi du 8 septembre 1998 réglant les relations entre l'Etat et les organismes oeuvrant dans les domaines social, familial et thérapeutique](#))

January 28, 1999: Grand-Ducal regulation concerning governmental enablement to be granted to organisations implementing services for young people ([Règlement grand-ducal du 28 janvier 1999 concernant l'agrément gouvernemental à accorder aux gestionnaires de services pour jeunes](#))

February 12, 1999: Act on the national action plan for employment ([Loi du 12 février 1999 concernant la mise en oeuvre du plan d'action national en faveur de l'emploi 1998](#))

May 6, 1999: Penal mediation act ([Loi du 6 mai 1999 relative à la médiation pénale et portant modification de différentes dispositions a\) de la loi modifiée du 7 mars 1980 sur l'organisation judiciaire, b\) du code des assurances sociales](#))

November 17, 2006: Act approving the European convention on the promotion of a long term transnational voluntary service for young people ([Loi du 17 novembre 2006 portant approbation de la Convention européenne sur la promotion d'un service volontaire transnational à long terme pour les jeunes, faite à Strasbourg, le 11 mai 2000](#))

October 24, 2007: Act creating a leave of absence for training ([Loi du 24 octobre 2007 portant création d'un congé individuel de formation et modification 1. du Code du travail; 2. de la loi modifiée du 4 octobre 1973 concernant l'institution d'un congé-éducation; 3. de la loi modifiée du 16 avril 1979 fixant le statut général des fonctionnaires de l'Etat; 4. de la loi modifiée du 24 décembre 1985 fixant le statut général des fonctionnaires communaux](#))

October 31, 2007: Act on voluntary service of young people ([Loi du 31 octobre 2007 sur le service volontaire des jeunes, modifiant 1. le Code des assurances sociales, 2.](#)

[la loi modifiée du 19 juin 1985 concernant les allocations familiales et portant création de la Caisse nationale des prestations familiales et abrogeant la loi du 28 janvier 1999 concernant le service volontaire\)](#)

July 4, 2008: Youth act ([Loi du 4 juillet 2008 sur la jeunesse](#))

January 9, 2009: Grand-Ducal regulation on youth ([Règlement grand-ducal du 9 janvier 2009 sur la jeunesse](#))

The 2008 Youth act sets an innovative frame for youth policy making in Luxembourg.

The most important points are:

- the missions and administrative structures of the National Youth Service (SNJ) are revisited,
- the State aims at providing non-formal education means in order to foster young people's growth,
- the law creates an interdepartmental committee to cope with the transsectoral character of youth policy; it calls for a national report on youth every five years to achieve a global view on the situation of youth in Luxembourg; it creates a youth observatory to collect data for the national youth report and to contribute to European youth policy; a national action plan aiming at the realisation of the Luxembourgish youth policy priorities will be established in cooperation with all the concerned actors,
- the Higher Youth Council (*Conseil Supérieur de la Jeunesse*) will be enlarged in its function of promoting dialogue with the civil society in the youth domain; a youth assembly will allow young people to express themselves directly on all the issues which concern them; financial support from the State to municipalities for infrastructural projects in favour of young people is linked to the Municipal Youth Plan, which includes an active participation of young people,
- actors of the youth sector will be identified and named, and financial support will be agreed in consequence; the importance of voluntary activities and of youth organisations will be acknowledged by a formal recognition.

Regional and local legislation on youth

N/A

4. National Programmes on youth

"Eat healthier, move more" ("*Bougez plus, mangez mieux*" - Campagne de sensibilisation, "*Gesond iessen, méi bewégen*", March 2008 - September 2009)

The Ministry of Health, the Ministry of Family and Integration, the Ministry of National Education and Professional Training and the Ministerial Department for Sports have conceived and initiated the action plan "Eat healthier, move more". The objective of the programme is to promote healthy and active life styles.

The National Youth Service (SNJ) will coordinate the campaign for the youth sector.

Action plans i.e. official strategies

An action plan (Art. 15) has to be set up according to the Youth act (2008).

Programmes and actions for specific target groups

Strategy and action plan 2005-2009 to fight drug addiction (*Stratégie et plan d'action 2005 –2009 en matière de lutte contre les drogues et les toxicomanies*)

This action plan by the Ministry of Health - Health Direction aims at reducing demand and supply of drugs, as well as a) risk reduction, b) research and information, c) international relations and finally d) coordination. The overall objective is to contribute to a high level of protection in public health and security.

5. Budget / Public expenditure allocated to youth

National level

Expenditures of the Ministry of Family and Integration are estimated to be 48 350 000 € in 2009 in the youth sector. Expenditures by other ministries such as formal education costs, un-employment costs, etc. are not included here.

Regional level

N/A

6. European Dimension of youth policy

6.1 Council of Europe programmes or activities implemented in an important way for youth purposes (including funding schemes of the European Youth Foundation)

6.2 European Union programmes

"Youth in Action" ("[Jeunesse en Action](#)", 2007-2013)

The programme fosters curiosity for other cultures, engagement for people and creativity. It provides financial support for projects in five domains:

- "Youth for Europe" ("*Jeunesse pour l'Europe*")
- "European Voluntary Service" ("*Service Volontaire Européen*")
- "Youth in the World" ("*Jeunesse dans le monde*")
- "Youth Support Systems" ("*Mesures de soutien à la jeunesse*")
- "Support for European Co-operation in the Youth field" ("*Soutien à la coopération européenne dans le domaine de la jeunesse*")

In Luxembourg the national agency ([Agence Nationale du programme "Jeunesse en Action"](#)) is integrated into the National Youth Service (SNJ). The Eurodesk is implemented by the Youth Information Centre (CIJ).

Other EU programmes implemented in an important way for youth purposes

N/A

7. Forthcoming events/conferences

7.1 Current developments/plans with regard to national legislation/guidelines

According to the Youth act (2008) a national assembly of young people (*Assemblée Nationale des Jeunes*) has to be established. The mission of this assembly is to give young people and youth organisations the possibility to participate in the examination of all issues related to youth policy at a national and a European level (Art. 14).

A youth observatory (*Observatoire de la Jeunesse*) will be set up by the ministry in charge of youth, according to the Youth act (2008). Its mission is to prepare, coordinate and initiate inquiries, notices, analyses, studies and reports on the different aspects of the youth situation in Luxembourg (Art. 13).

7.2 Current developments/plans with regard to European youth policy priorities

N/A